SPOTLIGHTS ...

Total Synthesis

H. Mihara, Y. Sohtome, S. Matsunaga,* M. Shibasaki*

Chiral-Catalyst-Based Convergent Synthesis of HIV Protease Inhibitor GRL-06579A

Chem. Asian J.

DOI: 10.1002/asia.200700330

Metallic mix: GRL-06579A, an HIV-1 protease inhibitor, can be synthesized with the aid of heterobimetallic multifunctional catalysts. The key steps are an ALB-catalyzed Michael reaction and an LLB-catalyzed diastereoselective nitroaldol reaction. ALB = Al-Li-bis(binaphthoxide), LLB = La-Li₃-tris(binaphthoxide), TBS = *tert*-butyl-dimethylsilyl.

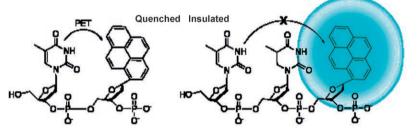
Fluorescent Nucleobases

J. N. Wilson, Y. Cho, S. Tan, A. Cuppoletti, E. T. Kool*

Quenching of Fluorescent Nucleobases by Neighboring DNA: The "Insulator" Concept

ChemBioChem

DOI: 10.1002/cbic.200700381



Going out in style: The quenching of the fluorescent nucleobases benzopyrene, perylene, and pyrene by neighboring natural bases is described, as well as a strategy for insulating fluorophores from PET quenching.

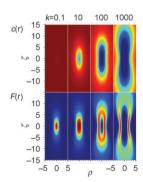
Fluorescence Photobleaching

Z. Petrášek,* P. Schwille

Photobleaching in Two-Photon Scanning Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy

ChemPhysChem

DOI: 10.1002/cphc.200700579



Good agreement: A circularly scanning laser focus studies photobleaching effects as a function of intensity and scan parameters. The observations agree with a theoretical model of photobleaching effects, which takes into account the nonuniform excitation profile, the stationary profile of nonbleached molecules $c(\mathbf{r})$, and the resulting fluorescence profile $F(\mathbf{r})$ (see picture).

Silicon Drug Analogues

R. Tacke,* F. Popp, B. Müller, B. Theis, C. Burschka, A. Hamacher, M. U. Kassack, D. Schepmann, B. Wünsch, U. Jurva, E. Wellner

Sila-Haloperidol, a Silicon Analogue of the Dopamine (D₂) Receptor Antagonist Haloperidol: Synthesis, Pharmacological Properties, and Metabolic Fate

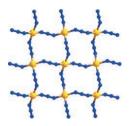
ChemMedChem

DOI: 10.1002/cmdc.200700205

El = C: Haloperidol (1a) El = Si: Sila-haloperidol (1b) Sila-haloperidol (1b), a silicon analogue of the dopamine (D_2) antagonist haloperidol (1a), was synthesized. As shown in receptor binding studies, sila-haloperidol (1b) shows a higher potency at hD_2 receptors than the parent carbon compound 1a and exhibits higher subtype selectivity at dopamine receptors and at σ receptors as well. The metabolic fates of the C/Si analogues 1a and 1b are totally different.

... ON OUR SISTER JOURNALS





Two Fe^{II} azides with 1D and 2D topologies, both displaying canted ferromagnetism in agreement with the structural features and other recent findings for Fe^{II} and Mn^{II} azides, were prepared. The new network topology **jsm** is assigned to some related six-connected 3D M^{II} azides.

Molecular Magnetism

M. A. M. Abu-Youssef,* V. Langer, D. Luneau, E. Shams, M. A. S. Goher, L. Öhrström*

1D and 2D Fe^{II} Azide Coordination Polymers with Ferromagnetic Canting

Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.

DOI: 10.1002/ejic.200700646

or TfaN COOfBu COOfBu TfaN 2n OfBu COOfBu 1 mol% [(Allyl)PdCl]₂ or 4.5 mol% PPh₃ THF, -78 °C → RT X

Do you remember? Chelated amino acid ester enolates are excellent nucle-ophiles for palladium-catalyzed allylic alkylations. These enolates react rapidly at $-78\,^{\circ}$ C and in general without isomerization of π -allyl palladium complexes. Therefore, they are good candidates for mechanistical studies, for example of the memory effect.

Chelated Enolates

U. Kazmaier,* D. Stolz, K. Krämer, F. L. Zumpe

Influences on the Regioselectivity of Palladium-Catalyzed Allylic Alkylations

Chem. Eur. J.

X. Wang, B. List*

DOI: 10.1002/chem.200701332

Asymmetric Catalysis

97:3 e.r. | Pr | F₃C | Pr | F

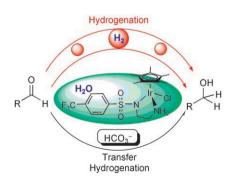
A new mode of chiral anion catalysis: A powerful chiral-counteranion strategy for catalytic asymmetric epoxidations using the newly discovered catalyst 1 has been applied to the epoxidation of α,β -unsaturated aldehydes to-

fBuOOH (1.1 equiv)

gether with *tert*-butyl hydroperoxide as the oxidant (see scheme). Remarkably, this system provides the corresponding epoxides in high diastereo- and enantioselectivity for both di- and trisubstituted enals.

Asymmetric Counteranion-Directed Catalysis for the Epoxidation of Enals

Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. DOI: 10.1002/anie.704185



A Cat that loves water: Ir-N-tosyldiamine complexes, previously shown to be excellent catalysts for the transfer hydrogenation of aldehydes in water, also catalyze the hydrogenation of aldehydes in water. The reaction is fast and chemoselective, providing a green and efficient method for the reduction of aromatic, aliphatic, heterocyclic, and α,β -unsaturated aldehydes.

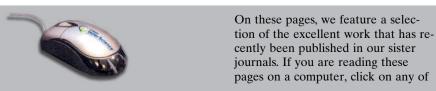
Catalysis in Water

X. Wu, C. Corcoran, S. Yang, J. Xiao*

A Versatile Iridium Catalyst for Aldehyde Reduction in Water

ChemSusChem

DOI: 10.1002/cssc.200700086



the items to read the full article. Otherwise please see the DOIs for easy online access through Wiley InterScience.